Advanced Biomedical Engineering



Official journal of the Japanese Society for Medical and Biological Engineering (JSMBE)

Instructions to Authors

Advanced Biomedical Engineering is a vital new journal covering the full range of topics in biomedical engineering. The journal aims to be a forum for its global readership – which includes biomedical engineers, medical doctors, nurses, medical specialists and regulatory authorities – to connect, exchange information and increase their knowledge and skills.

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AIMS & SCOPE

Advanced Biomedical Engineering (ABE) is an international, Open Access and fully peer-reviewed journal covering all areas of biomedical engineering. Supported by the Japanese Society for Medical and Biological Engineering (JSMBE), the journal aims to be a forum for exchanging information on new developments and ideas. ABE welcomes manuscripts describing rigorous research on topics including:

- biomedical signal processing and imaging
- bio-instrumentation and sensors applications
- informatics in healthcare and biomedicine

- cardiovascular and respiratory systems engineering
- neural and rehabilitation engineering
- cellular and tissue engineering
- biomechanics and robotics
- therapeutic and diagnostic technology
- clinical engineering
- regulatory science in biomedical engineering.

ABE publishes Review Papers, Original Papers, Research Letters and Technical Notes, which are freely available online. The journal's broad international audience includes biomedical engineers, clinicians, nurses, medical specialists (co-medicals) and regulatory authorities. Graduate students and young investigators, in particular those from developing countries, are encouraged to submit their manuscripts to ABE.

MANUSCRIPT TYPES

The journal welcomes four manuscript types, all of which are subject to peer review.

Review Papers

Review Papers are invited by the Editorial Board to provide comprehensive and insightful overviews of the latest advances in the field's technology and research. In addition, authors can send Review Paper proposals to the Editor-in-Chief. The length of Review Papers can vary depending upon their subject and scope, and is decided by the Editorial Board for each article.

Original Papers

Original Papers are descriptions of new and significant research. The journal particularly welcomes interdisciplinary manuscripts that address issues of both medicine and engineering. The recommended length is not more than 4000 words.

Research Letters

Research Letters are designed to present and report new concepts, new experimental phenomena, and other new findings or observations that merit early publication. The recommended length is not more than 2500 words.

Both Original Papers and Research Letters should contain the following elements: (i) purpose of the study and potential benefits in the application of the study's findings; (ii) support or evidence for the originality of the study; (iii) the experimental results or computations; and (iv) main outcomes of the study.

Technical Notes

Technical Notes present information that is useful to ABE readers: for example, system design parameters and experimental results, as well as survey results related to medical and biological engineering. The recommended length is not more than 1500 words.

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ABE upholds the highest standards regarding research and publishing practice. This comprehensive suite of policies covers the main responsibilities of the journal's authors, reviewers, editors and publisher.

Author responsibilities

Submission

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Duplicate submission

Authors must not submit manuscripts that have been previously published (in part or in whole, in any language), or that are in press or under consideration for publication elsewhere.

Authors must inform the editors if any related manuscripts are under consideration, in press or published elsewhere. The availability of a manuscript on a publicly accessible preprint server does not constitute prior publication (see 'Preprints').

Note that manuscripts that have been published as Proceedings are considered prior publications. Proceedings articles often contain one or more pages, figures and tables and describe details of the research undertaken. Preprints (see below) or abstracts without figures or tables and less than 400 words are not considered prior publications.

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To support the wide dissemination of research, the journal encourages authors to post their research manuscripts on community-recognized preprint servers, either before or alongside submission to the journal. This policy applies only to the original version of a manuscript that describes primary research. Any version of a manuscript that has been revised in response to reviewers' comments, accepted for publication or published in the journal should not be posted on a preprint server. Instead, forward links to the published manuscript may be posted on the preprint server.

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When assessing the novelty of a manuscript submitted to the journal, the editors will not be influenced by other manuscripts that are posted on community-recognized preprint servers after the date of submission to ABE (or after the date of posting on a

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- 2) drafted the work or revised it critically for important intellectual content.
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The journal encourages authors to grant reasonable requests from colleagues to share any data, materials and experimental protocols described in their manuscript.

Animal/human experimentation

Authors of manuscripts describing experiments involving humans or materials derived from humans must demonstrate that the work was carried out in accordance with the principles embodied in the Declaration of Helsinki, its revisions, and any guidelines

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Authors of manuscripts describing experiments involving animals or materials derived from animals must demonstrate that the work was carried out in accordance with the guidelines approved by the authors' institution(s). In addition, the research must be undertaken in accordance with applicable international and national laws and guidelines.

The Editorial Board reserves the right to reject manuscripts when high ethical standards are not maintained, even if formal approval for work has been obtained.

Clinical trial registration

The journal adheres to the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (ICMJE) policy on <u>Clinical Trials Registration</u> and the <u>CONSORT statement</u>, which recommend that all clinical trials are registered in a public trials registry in a standard format, at or before the time of first patient enrollment, as a condition of consideration for publication. Manuscripts describing clinical trials must include the registration number of the trial and the name of the trial registry.

Reporting guidelines

The journal requires authors to follow the EQUATOR Network's <u>Reporting Guidelines</u> for health research. Study types include, but are not limited to, randomized trials, observational studies, systematic reviews, case reports, qualitative research, diagnostic and prognostic studies, economic evaluations, animal pre-clinical studies and study protocols.

Authors of systematic reviews and/or meta-analyses are required to follow the PRISMA Guidelines.

Conflicts of interest

In the interests of transparency, the journal requires all authors to declare any conflicts of interest in relation to their submitted manuscript.

A conflict of interest exists when there are actual,

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A declaration should also be included in the 'Conflicts of Interest' section of each manuscript (see the Manuscript Preparation section for more details). If the authors have no conflicts of interest, they should declare as follows in the Conflicts of Interest section of the manuscript: "The authors declare no conflicts of interest with any companies or commercial organizations per the definition of Japanese Society for Medical and Biological Engineering."

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PEER REVIEW PROCESS

Editorial and peer review process

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When a manuscript is submitted to the journal, it is assigned to the Editor-in-Chief, who performs initial screening. Manuscripts that do not fit the journal's scope or are not deemed suitable for publication are rejected without review.

The remaining manuscripts are assigned to one of the journal's Editorial Board Members (hereafter the member is referred to as Editor), who is responsible for the peer review process. The assigned Editor invites two reviewers who are selected according to the field of the submitted manuscript. If the opinions of the reviewers diverge greatly, a third reviewer may be asked to review the manuscript. The deadline for submission of the reviewers' reports varies by article type.

When the reviewers' reports are returned, the Editor prepares a decision recommendation based on the manuscript, the reviewers' reports, and the acceptance criteria (as described in the section below). The Editor-in-Chief then makes the first decision. If the decision is to request revision of the manuscript, authors have 3 months to resubmit their revised manuscript. Revised manuscripts submitted after this deadline will be withdrawn and treated as new submissions.

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If a manuscript satisfies the journal's requirements and represents a valuable contribution to the published literature, the Editor may recommend acceptance for publication in the journal.

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The journal responds to allegations of ethical

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- Graphical data and image data including photographs, still images, and moving images
- Software codes and protocols used in experiments, analyses, and investigations
- Numerical information presented in published papers, books, and other publications, as well as numerical values in materials published by national or local government or other sources, which have been cited by the authors
- Data permitted to be published by the Editorial Board of the JSMBE

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Personal notes, research notebooks, research journals, minutes of meetings of research groups, and

data deemed unsuitable for publication by the Editorial Board of the JSMBE will not be published.

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In addition, authors must comply with article length limits, which are provided in the 'Manuscript Types' section of these instructions.

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The first page should be the title page, which should include the title of the manuscript, the names of the authors, and their affiliations. In addition, you should supply an abbreviated title for the manuscripts, the Abstract and the Keywords.

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Provide the full given and family names, with initials for middle names, of the author(s). All surnames must be fully capitalized.

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Provide full names and addresses of institutions (including laboratory, department, institute and/or university, city, state and country). When authors belong to different institutions, their respective addresses should be indicated by superscript numbers. When authors have new addresses, they should be given in a footnote and indicated by superscript symbols (such as * and **).

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If the title exceeds 50 characters (including spaces), add a running title following the affiliations. The running title should not exceed 50 characters, including spaces.

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Abstract

The Abstract should clearly express the basic content of the manuscript in a single paragraph and should include the problem addressed, experimental approach, main results and conclusions. Abstracts must not exceed 350 words for all article types. Avoid using specific abbreviations or citing figures or tables. Structured abstracts cannot be accommodated. If it is essential to refer to a previous publication, omit the article title (e.g. Kawada T, Mukkamala R, Sugimachi M: Adv Biomed Eng. 8, 110-123, 2019).

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The Introduction is important as it allows the reader and reviewers the opportunity to understand the novelty and potential scientific validity of the article.

The Introduction should provide enough background information to allow the reader to understand the aims and purpose of the research and the relationship to previous studies, and to provide a clear definition of the problem identified from those studies. In addition, it can be useful if the author describes the overall strategies used to solve the defined problem.

Extensive reviews of the literature or repetition of well-known concepts and information are not necessary.

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The description of the methods should be brief, but it must include sufficient detail to enable experiments or procedures to be repeated. The sources of unusual chemicals, animals, microbial strains or equipment should be described, and the location (city, country) of the manufacturer or supplier should be provided in parentheses. Use equations and figures appropriately and describe them concisely.

If theoretical explanations are necessary, only include text relevant to the question(s) being tested in the manuscript and cite appropriate references in lieu of long explanations.

Results

This section describes the results of the work, particularly those that are later referenced in the Discussion. Tables and figures, including photographs, can be used to present experimental results (see below). Excessive explanations of the data presented in

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In the Discussion, the authors should place their results into context and assert the validity of their approach. Any limitations to the study, or any contradictory results, should be explained where possible. Avoid repeating information previously presented in the Introduction or Results sections.

Conflicts of interests

Authors must declare all competing interests, as described in the 'Conflicts of interest' section in these Instructions to Authors.

Ethics declaration

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Example 1): This study was conducted in accordance with the ethical principles of the Helsinki Declaration, and after obtaining informed consent from each subject. The study was approved by the [ethics committee] of [the affiliated institution].

Example 2): This study was conducted in accordance with the Fundamental Guidelines for Proper Conduct of Animal Experiment and Related Activities in Academic Research Institutions. The study was approved by the [ethics committee] of [the affiliated institution].

Example 3): This study was conducted in accordance with the Ethical Guidelines for Human Genome/Gene Analysis Research by the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology; the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare;

and the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (Japan), and was approved by the [ethics committee] of [the affiliated institution].

Acknowledgments

This section should be brief. Authors should list all funding sources for their work in the Acknowledgements section.

References

Authors are encouraged to include as many references as necessary to support statements or facts, establish the precedence of ideas, provide context, and demonstrate community interest in the subject area. In addition, conflicting reports should be noted where and as relevant.

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In the References section, list the surnames and initials of all authors in the author list. Provide the full publication titles, but abbreviate journal names following PubMed style. Write the volume number in bold letters. For details, see the following examples.

Article in journal:

[1] Hohne KH, Bernstein R: Shading 3D-images from CT using gray-level gradients. IEEE Trans Med Imag. **5**(1), 45–47, 1986.

Book:

[2] Born M, Wolf E: Principles of Medical Engineering, 2nd ed. Pergamon Press, New York, pp. 69–94, 1988.

Chapter in book:

[3] Chandler S: Adaptive model control applied to real time blood pressure regulation. In: Black C ed. Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill, Berlin, pp. 310-324, 1985.

Proceedings and others:

[4] Heel N: Automated blood pressure control using a self-tuning regulator. Proc of NCGA'S Computer Graphics Conference '87, Vol. 2. Am Med Eng Soc., New York, pp. 152–161, 1988.

Patents:

[5] White AG: US Patent No. 1234567. 1982.

Online article:

[6] Web page or author (for PDF, etc.): Name of web page or name of document (for PDF, etc.) < Web address> [date accessed].

e.g. Advanced Biomedical Engineering: Instructions to Authors. < https://abe-journal.org/submission/> [accessed on January 1, 2020].

Figures and tables

Embed all figures and tables in the text at appropriate locations in appropriate sizes and formats that mirror the potential appearance in the PDF version.

Number the figures in the order they are cited in the text (e.g. Fig. 1, Fig. 2) and number tables similarly (e.g. Table 1, Table 2). Place the figure titles and captions below the figure, and table titles and captions above the table. All titles and captions should use minimal capitalization. Captions should be fully descriptive, such that figures and their captions are self-contained and can be fully interpreted and comprehended without the need to refer to the main text.

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